

<b>CHEMISTRY-11</b>	<b>Chapter#01 (Complete) Test-1</b>		
	Name:	Class:	ID:
Date: / /	<b>Marks Total: 25</b>	<b>Marks Obtained:</b>	
Time Allowed: 45 Min.			

Maximum Marks: 09

**(OBJECTIVE TYPE)**

Time Allowed: 15 Min.

**NOTE:** Tick The Correct Option:

- 27 g of Al will react completely with how much mass of O<sub>2</sub> to produce Al<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>?  
 (a) 8 g of Oxygen      (b) 16 g of Oxygen      (c) 32 g of Oxygen      (d) 24 g of Oxygen
- The volume occupied by 1.4 g of N<sub>2</sub> at S.T.P is:  
 (a) 2.24 dm<sup>3</sup>      (b) 22.4 dm<sup>3</sup>      (c) 1.12 dm<sup>3</sup>      (d) 112 cm<sup>3</sup>
- The mass of two moles of electrons is:  
 (a) 1.10 mg      (b) 1.00 mg      (c) 0.184 mg      (d) 1.673 mg
- The number of gram ions produced by the complete dissociation of one gram molecule of H<sub>3</sub>PO<sub>4</sub> is:  
 (a) One      (b) Two      (c) Three      (d) Four
- Which gas will occupy greater volume at STP?  
 (a) 10 g H<sub>2</sub>      (b) 50 g CH<sub>4</sub>      (c) 100 g O<sub>2</sub>      (d) 200 g of SO<sub>2</sub>
- Stoichiometric calculations obey:  
 (a) Law of conservation of energy      (b) Law of conservation of mass  
 (c) Law of definite proportions      (d) Both 'b' & 'c'
- If there is an expensive reactant, it should act as:  
 (a) Limiting reactant      (b) Excess reactant      (c) Catalyst      (d) None
- In burning of wood, the limiting reactant is:  
 (a) O<sub>2</sub>      (b) N<sub>2</sub>      (c) Air      (d) Wood
- A practically inexperienced worker may affect:  
 (a) Theoretical yield      (b) Actual yield      (c) Percentage yield      (d) Both 'b' & 'c'

Maximum Marks: 16

**(SUBJECTIVE TYPE)**

Time Allowed: 30 Min.

**SECTION-I**

**Q.2: GIVE BRIEF ANSWERS TO THE FOLLOWING QUESTIONS: (12)**

- Define gram molecule.
- Mg atom is twice heavier as an atom of carbon. Explain.
- Calculate the number of gram atoms (moles) in 0.1 g of sodium.
- When H<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> is dissolved in water, the number of ions is unequal, but the number of charges is equal. Explain.
- Define limiting reactant. Give an example.
- Why in most reactions, actual yield remains less than the theoretical yield?

**SECTION-II**

**NOTE:** Attempt All Questions:

(04)

**Q.3: A sample of 0.600 mole of metal M reacts completely with excess of fluorine to form 46.8 g of MF<sub>2</sub>.**

- How many moles of F are present in the sample of MF<sub>2</sub> that forms?
- Which element is represented by the symbol M?